Total Marks

# Speech Arts & Drama: Technical Theory Level 1



De laximu larks	cember 2022		Confirmation Number
20	1. Answer the follo	wing questions ab	oout phonetics.
12]	<b>a.</b> Provide the p in the following		nd complete classification for the consonant sound underlined
	<u>w</u> ig	IPA symbol:	W
	Ç	•	voiced bilabial glide
	<u>p</u> ress	IPA symbol:	
		Classification: _	
	<u>sh</u> are	IPA symbol:	
		Classification: _	
	ri <u>ng</u>	IPA symbol:	
		Classification: _	
	<u>f</u> low	IPA symbol:	
		Classification: _	
	<u>y</u> ellow	IPA symbol:	
		Classification: _	
	joke	IPA symbol:	
		Classification: _	

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[5]	b. Define the following terms as they relate to consonant sounds.  consonant sound
	voicing
	fricative
	glide
	affricate
[1]	c. Name the alphabet used in the study of speech sounds.
[2]	<ul> <li>d. Name the articulators most involved in producing the consonant sounds underlined in the following words.</li> <li>wind</li></ul>

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2. Read the poem <i>Some Days</i> and answer the questions that follow.
Some Days David Harmer
Some days this school is a huge concrete sandwich squeezing me out like jam.
On days like that I carry whole buildings high on my back.
Other days the school is a rocket thrusting right into the sun.
It's yellow and green freshly painted, the cabin windows gleam with laughter.
On days like that whole buildings support me, my ladder is pushing over their rooftops.
Amongst the clouds I'd need a computer to count all the bubbles bursting aloud in my head.
a. Define simile and provide one example from the poem.
<b>b.</b> Define <i>metaphor</i> and provide <i>two</i> examples from the poem.

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d.	Choose <i>two</i> images from the poem that you find particularly effective, explaining how appeal to your senses and imagination.
e.	State whether the poem is lyric or narrative and explain your choice.

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a.	Provide the term for each of the following definitions.			
	a common element of poetry represented by the words cat, mat, and flat			
	a type of pause usually located in the middle of a line of poetry			
	a poetic device represented by the words: <i>boom</i> and <i>roar</i>			
	a poetic device used in the phrase, "Four friendly foxes frolicked in the forest."			
	a line, or group of lines, that repeats in a poem, often at the end of a stanza			
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<b>)</b> .	Mark each of the following statements as either True ( <b>T</b> ) or False ( <b>F</b> ).			
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<b>.</b>	Mark each of the following statements as either True ( <b>T</b> ) or False ( <b>F</b> ).  Run-on lines occur at the end of every stanza.  Poetry can give new experiences to the reader.			
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•	Mark each of the following statements as either True ( <b>T</b> ) or False ( <b>F</b> ).  Run-on lines occur at the end of every stanza.  Poetry can give new experiences to the reader.  Denotative meaning is the basic meaning of a word.  Poetry existed in early civilizations.  Another name for metonymy is metaphor.			
).	Mark each of the following statements as either True ( <b>T</b> ) or False ( <b>F</b> ).			
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30	4. Answe	er the following questions about performance and presentation.
[10]	a. Ma	ark each of the following statements as either True ( <b>T</b> ) or False ( <b>F</b> ).
		The first syllable of lighthouse is stressed.
		Upstage action takes place on stairs or risers.
		The main divisions of a speech are introduction, body, and conclusion.
		A staccato effect may be created when sounds are reduced in duration.
		Most people read and speak at the same rate.
		Stage directions are based on the audience's point of view as they face the stage.
		A speaker should consider the audience at every stage of speech preparation.
		Communication is transmitted from sender to receiver via physical and intellectual channels.
		A speaking rate of 120–140 words per minute would be suitable for a speech containing complicated ideas.
		Context is the environment or situation in which the speech occurs.
[4]	b. i.	Define <i>rate</i> as it relates to speaking.
	ii.	Provide ideas for how speaking rate could be used to bring out the meaning of the poem <i>Some Days</i> , from <b>question 2</b> , and explain your choice.

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c.	Define the following terms related to public speaking.  speech to inform
	the communication source
	external noise
	specific purpose
	body of the speech
d.	Define manuscript speaking and explain its potential disadvantages.

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	Describe two reasons for using pause in speech performance.
	i
	ii.
f.	Identify the main differences and similarities between conversation and public speakin

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. A	nswer the following questions about body and voice.
a.	Explain three problems that a speaker with poor posture could experience.
b.	Describe the ideal position of <i>four</i> of the following elements of posture.
	head
	shoulders
	upper chest
	spine
	arms
	knees

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[4]	c.	Explain the importance of good articulation to a speaker. Provide <i>three</i> words or phrases that describe effective articulation.
[5]	d.	Define the following terms related to body and voice.
		timbre
		nasal quality
		assimilation
		centred position / alignment
		necessary tension